1	NIST Internal Report
2	Publication Identifier
	Pacammandad Cybarcacurity
3	Recommended Cybersecurity
4	Requirements for Consumer-
5	Grade Router Products
6	Initial Preliminary Draft
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8	Katerina Megas
9	Paul Watrobski
10	Jeffrey Marron
11	Barbara Cuthill
12	David Lemire
13	Brad Hoehn
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34			November 2023
35			STATES OF AND
36 37			U.S. Department of Commerce
5/			Gina M. Raimondo, Secretary

National Institute of Standards and Technology Laurie E. Locascio, NIST Director and Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards and Technology

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56 57 58 59 60 61	Author ORCID iDs Michael Fagan: 0000-0002-1861-2609 Katerina N. Megas: 0000-0002-2815-5448 Paul Watrobski: 0000-0002-6449-3030 Jeffrey Marron: 0000-0002-7871-683X Barbara B. Cuthill: 0000-0002-2588-6165
62 63	Preliminary Draft Release Period November 30 th , 2023 - December 21 st , 2023
64 65 66 67 68 69	Submit Feedback and Comments iotsecurity@nist.gov National Institute of Standards and Technology Attn: Applied Cybersecurity Division, Information Technology Laboratory 100 Bureau Drive (Mail Stop 2000) Gaithersburg, MD 20899-2000
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72 Abstract

- 73 Ensuring the security of routers is crucial for safeguarding not only individual privacy but also
- 74 the integrity of entire networks. With the increasing prevalence of smart homes, IoT devices, and
- 75 remote work setups, the significance of consumer-grade router cybersecurity has expanded, as
- these devices often rely on routers in the home to connect to the internet. This report presents the
- 77 consumer-grade router profile, which includes cybersecurity outcomes for consumer-grade
- 78 router products and associated requirements from consumer-grade router standards.

Keywords

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80 Cybersecurity; consumer-grade routers

Reports on Computer Systems Technology

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- 83 Technology (NIST) promotes the U.S. economy and public welfare by providing technical
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- 88 the cost-effective security and privacy of other than national security-related information in
- 89 federal information systems.

90 Audience

- 91 The intended audience for this report consists of manufacturers of consumer-grade router
- 92 products (especially product security officers), retailers, and testing and certification bodies
- 93 interested in establishing minimum cybersecurity requirements for consumer-grade routers.

Note to Reviewers

- 95 On July 18th, 2023, the White House announced the next steps for the Cybersecurity Labeling
- 96 Program for Smart Devices to Protect American Consumers, referred to as the "U.S. Cyber Trust
- 97 Mark." [WHAnnouncement] In addition to announcing participation by the Federal
- 98 Communications Commission and Departments of Energy and State, the White House also
- 99 directed NIST to "immediately undertake an effort to define cybersecurity requirements for
- 100 consumer-grade routers—a higher-risk type of product that, if compromised, can be used to
- eavesdrop, steal passwords, and attack other devices and high value networks." In response,
- NIST worked to develop these requirements with a standards-based, transparent, community-
- involved process. Two discussion essays, one including a standards crosswalk
- 104 [StandardsCrosswalk] were published for community feedback. This draft is a pre-comment
- NIST IR preliminary draft intended to inform feedback at a discussion forum NIST will
- host on December 7th, 2023. An official NISTIR public draft release and comment period
- will occur after December 7th, 2023.

Call for Patent Claims

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135 Table of Contents

136	1. Introduction	1
137	2. Scope of Consumer-Grade Routers	2
138 139	3. Crosswalk between NISTIR 8425 Outcomes and Consumer-Grade Router Cybersecurity Requirements	3
140	3.1. Asset Identification	
141	3.1.1. Asset Identification 1	
142	3.1.2. Asset Identification 2	
143	3.2. Product Configuration	
143 144	3.2.1. Product Configuration 1	
145	3.2.2. Product Configuration 2	
146	3.2.3. Product Configuration 3	
147	3.3. Data Protection	
148	3.3.1. Data Protection 1	
149	3.3.2. Data Protection 2	
150	3.3.3. Data Protection 3	
151	3.4. Interface Access Control 1	
152	3.4.1. Interface Access Control 1a	
153	3.4.2. Interface Access Control 1b	
154	3.4.3. Interface Access Control1c	
155	3.5. Interface Access Control 2	7
156	3.5.1. Interface Access Control 2a	7
157	3.5.2. Interface Access Control 2b	7
158	3.5.3. Interface Access Control 2c	8
159	3.6. Software Update	8
160	3.6.1. Software Update 1	8
161	3.6.2. Software Update 2	8
162	3.6.3. Software Update 3 (New Addition Relative to NISTIR 8425)	9
163	3.7. Cybersecurity State Awareness	9
164	3.7.1. Cybersecurity State Awareness 1	9
165	3.7.2. Cybersecurity State Awareness 2 (New Addition Relative to NISTIR 8425)	9
166	3.8. Non-Technical Outcomes	10
167	4. Conclusion	10
168	References	10
169	Appendix A. Consumer-Grade Router Scope Discussion	11
170	Appendix B. List of Symbols, Abbreviations, and Acronyms	13

171	Appendix C. Glossary13
172	List of Tables
173 174 175	Table 1. Requirements for all consumer-grade router product components 2 Table 2. Non-technical cybersecurity outcomes and requirements from consumer-grade router standards 10
176	Table 3. Scope Coverage of the Consumer-Grade Router Standards Analyzed 12
177	List of Figures
178 179	Fig. 1. An example consumer-grade router product that includes a smartphone application and backend server in addition to the router device.
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1. Introduction

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communication plays a central role in both personal and professional spheres. Routers serve as the gatekeepers of our networks, managing the flow of data between devices and the internet. A compromised router opens the door to a host of potential threats, ranging from unauthorized access to sensitive information to the possibility of malicious attacks on connected devices.

Router cybersecurity is of paramount importance in today's interconnected world, where digital

- Ensuring the security of routers is crucial for safeguarding not only individual privacy but also
- the integrity of entire networks. With the increasing prevalence of smart homes, IoT devices, and
- remote work setups, the significance of consumer-grade router cybersecurity has expanded, as
- these devices often rely on routers in the home to connect to the internet. A secure home router
- 191 (i.e., one that is consumer-grade) not only protects U.S. citizens against data theft and other
- 192 cyberattacks but also contributes to the overall resilience of the global digital infrastructure. As
- 193 technology advances, the need for robust router cybersecurity becomes ever more critical to
- maintain a safe and trustworthy digital environment.
- 195 This report presents the *consumer-grade router profile*, which includes cybersecurity outcomes
- 196 for consumer-grade routers and associated requirements from consumer-grade router standards.
- In this context, outcomes are broad, flexible guidelines that can apply, albeit differently, to
- different use cases and contexts, while requirements are targeted specifications that can define
- meeting an outcome for a specific use case, context, technology, etc. Four existing standards¹ for consumer-grade routers are referred to in this document:
 - 1. Broadband Forum (BBF) TR-124 Issue 8 Functional Requirements for Broadband Residential Gateway Devices [BBF]
 - 2. CableLabs (CL) Security Gateway Device Security Best Common Practices [CableLabs]
 - 3. Federal Office for Information Security (BSI) TR-03148: *Secure Broadband Router Requirements for secure Broadband Routers* [BSI]
 - 4. Infocomm Media Development Authority (IMDA) *Technical Specification Security Requirements for Residential Gateways* [IMDA]

NIST recommends use of the full set of requirements from all four consumer-grade router standards. Requirements from the standards for consumer-grade routers focused primarily on the router device. A few requirements addressed non-technical cybersecurity support and no requirements were given for other product components (e.g., mobile application). Thus, the requirements from the four standards address technical cybersecurity for consumer-grade router devices, but not the non-technical cybersecurity outcomes, nor cybersecurity for product components other than the router device (e.g., backend, mobile app).

Full support of all outcomes by all consumer-grade router product components is expected, as shown in **Error! Reference source not found.** below.² Additional requirements are needed to meet all consumer-grade router product non-technical outcomes. If a consumer-grade router

¹ These standards primarily focused on technical capabilities for router devices. The Broadband Forum (BBF) TR-124 Issue 8 standard includes requirements outside of the purview of cybersecurity, while the other three standards focused exclusively on cybersecurity requirements. All cybersecurity requirements were examined to create the consumer-grade router profile. Non-cybersecurity requirements from the BBF standard were not analyzed as part of the profiling process.

² The identification of requirements for these gaps is on-going and NIST welcomes recommendations of standards and guidance that can inform the process.

product has additional product components, such as a smart phone mobile application, additional requirements would also be necessary to meet the outcomes for the complete consumer-grade router product. Work on identifying these additional requirements is on-going and NIST welcomes feedback on standards and guidance applicable to these gaps for consumer-grade routers.

Table 1. Requirements for all consumer-grade router product components

Consumer-grade router	Technical Outcomes	Non-technical Outcomes
Device	Sections 3.1-3.7	Section 3.8 + TBD
Additional Product Components	TBD	TBD

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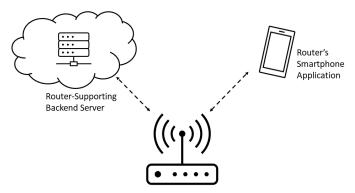
The rest of this document is structured as follows:

- Section 2 states the recommended scope of consumer-grade router products.
- Section 3 presents an informative cross-walk between the technical and non-technical cybersecurity outcomes for consumer-grade router products and the related requirements from the four consumer-grade router standards.
 - Section 4 concludes the document.

2. Scope of Consumer-Grade Routers

- This profile identifies minimum cybersecurity for consumer-grade routers. Consumer-grade routers are defined as networking devices that forward data packets, most commonly Internet Protocol (IP) packets, between networked systems which are primarily intended for residential use and can be installed by the customer. The profile makes no distinction in its cybersecurity recommendations with regards to whether the product is owned by the customer or leased.
- Additional discussion and justification for this scope can be found in Appendix A.
- 238 Cybersecurity outcomes and requirements for products should be scoped to all product
- components (e.g., smartphone applications) in addition to the router device. **Fig. 1** below shows
- an example consumer-grade router product where the router device is supported by both a
- backend and smartphone application.

Example Additional Router Product Components



Consumer-Grade Router Device

243 244	Fig. 1. An example consumer-grade router product that includes a smartphone application and backend server in addition to the router device.
245 246 247 248	Due to available standards specific to the product type, the requirements used to define the profile focuses on the cybersecurity of the consumer-grade router device, but the presence of other product components should not be ignored. NIST recommends the use of general standards or guidance to understand appropriate cybersecurity for these other product components. ³
249 250	3. Crosswalk between NISTIR 8425 Outcomes and Consumer-Grade Router Cybersecurity Requirements
251 252	This section provides additional information about how the requirements from the four router standards relate to the consumer-grade router profile outcomes.
253 254 255 256 257 258 259	Sections 3.1-3.7 below shows which requirements from the four consumer-grade router standards are related to the technical outcomes that have been expanded and adapted from <i>Profile of the IoT Core Baseline for Consumer IoT Products</i> , NISTIR 8425 [IR8425] for consumer-grade routers. Each subsection from 3.1-3.7 states the high-level outcome along with each sub-outcome that defines the high-level outcome. For each sub-outcome, a set of related requirements from the four consumer-grade router standards are also included. The abbreviations used for the standards are:
260	BBF 's <i>TR-124 Issue 8</i> [BBF]
261	CL's Security Gateway Device Security Best Common Practices [CL]
262	BSI's Secure Broadband Routers [BSI]
263	IMDA's Security Requirements for Residential Gateways [IMDA]
264 265	Requirements related to the non-technical cybersecurity outcomes from these standards are presented in Section 3.8.
266	3.1. Asset Identification
267 268	The consumer-grade router product is uniquely identifiable and inventories all of the consumer-grade router product's components.
269	3.1.1. Asset Identification 1
270 271	The consumer-grade router product can be uniquely identified by the customer and other authorized entities.
272	Related Standards Requirements:
273 274	BBF GEN.DESIGN.12, GEN.DESIGN.13, MGMT.LOCAL.20, IF.LAN.WIRELESS.AP.20

³ NIST is working to identify standards and guidance related to IoT product cybersecurity, technical and non-technical, for the full product scope, including all IoT product components. Please refer to https://www.nist.gov/itl/applied-cybersecurity/nist-cybersecurity-iot-program for additional information.

275	CL OOB-011, KEY-006, OOB-007
276	BSI (3.1.2.1)
277	IMDA None
278	3.1.2. Asset Identification 2
279 280	The consumer-grade router product uniquely identifies each product component (e.g., router device, mobile app) and maintains an up-to- date inventory of connected product components.
281 282 283 284	No requirements from the consumer-grade router standards were mapped to this outcome. This outcome relates to a specifically product-wide concept (i.e., inventory of product components), and thus it is expected that standards including device-focused requirements would not address a product-focused outcome.
285	3.2. Product Configuration
286 287 288	The configuration of the consumer-grade router product is changeable, there is the ability to restore a secure default setting, and any and all changes can only be performed by authorized individuals, services, and other consumer-grade router product components.
289	3.2.1. Product Configuration 1
290 291 292	Authorized individuals (i.e., customer), services, and other consumer-grade router product components can change the configuration settings of the consumer-grade router product via one or more consumer-grade router product components.
293	Related Standards Requirements:
294	BBF MGMT.LOCAL.2
295	CL OOB-007, DE-007, MI-002, MI-010, MI-011
296 297 298	BSI (3.1.2)[3], (3.1.2)[3], (3.1.2)[4], (3.1.2.1), (3.1.2.2), (4), (4.1.1)[1], (4.1.1)[1], (4.1.1)[3], (4.1.1)[6], (4.1.1)[6], (4.1.1)[7], (4.1.2)[Table6], (4.1.2)[2], (4.2)[2], (4.3)[2], (4.3)[3], (4.4), (4.5), (4.5), (4.8), (4.8), (4.9), (4.10)[1]
299	IMDA 4.2, 4.2.3, 4.4
300	3.2.2. Product Configuration 2
301 302 303	Authorized individuals (i.e., customer), services, and other consumer-grade router product components have the ability to restore the consumer-grade router product to a secure default (i.e., uninitialized) configuration.
304	Related Standards Requirements:
305	BBF MGMT.LOCAL.10
306	CL OOB-009, DE-003, DE-004, DE-006
307	BSI (4.6)

308	IMDA 4.1.1, 4.2.1, 4.2.3
309	3.2.3. Product Configuration 3
310 311	The consumer-grade router product applies configuration settings to applicable consumer-grade router components.
312 313 314 315	No requirements from the consumer-grade router standards were mapped to this outcome. This outcome relates to a specifically product-wide concept (i.e., application of configuration across all product components), and thus it is expected that standards including device-focused requirements would not address a product-focused outcome.
316	3.3. Data Protection
317 318 319 320	The consumer-grade router product protects data stored across all consumer-grade router product components and transmitted both between consumer-grade router product components and outside the consumer-grade router product from unauthorized access, disclosure, and modification.
321	3.3.1. Data Protection 1
322	Each consumer-grade router product component protects data it stores via secure means.
323	Related Standards Requirements:
324	BBF SEC.FIRMWARE.2
325	CL DRP-001, KEY-001, KEY-002, KEY-003, HR-003, HR-004, SB-005, OOB-002
326	BSI (4.1.1)[7]
327	IMDA 4.5
328	3.3.2. Data Protection 2
329 330	The consumer-grade router product has the ability to delete or render inaccessible stored data that are either collected from or about the customer, home, family, etc.
331	Related Standards Requirements:
332	BBF None
333	CL OOB-009
334	BSI (4.6)
335	IMDA 4.2.3
336	3.3.3. Data Protection 3
337 338	When data are sent between consumer-grade router product components or outside the product, protections are used for the data transmission.

339	Related Standards Requirements:		
340 341	BBF MGMT.RI SEC.FIRMWAF	EMOTE.WEB.6, SEC.USERINTERFACE.1, SEC.FIRMWARE.1, RE.2	
342	CL OOB-003, I	DE-002, DE-004, DE-005, MI-001, NETS-001, NETS-003, SBOM-006	
343 344	BSI (3.1.2.2), (3 (4.4), (4.10)[1]	.1.2.2), (4.1.1)[1], (4.1.1)[6], (4.1.1)[6], (4.1.1)[7], (4.1.2)[2], (4.1.2)[2],	
345	IMDA 4.2.2, 4.2	2.5	
346	3.4. Interface Acce	ess Control 1	
347 348	Each consumer-grade ro order to limit access to o	outer product component controls access to and from all interfaces in only authorized entities.	
349	3.4.1. Interface Acce	ess Control 1a	
350 351		ly to interfaces necessary for the consumer-grade router product's nnels and access to channels are removed or secured.	
352	Related Standards Requ	tirements:	
353 354 355	MGMT.REMOT	DCAL.1, MGMT.REMOTE.WEB.1, MGMT.REMOTE.WEB.5, TE.WEB.12, MGMT.REMOTE.WEB.13, SEC.GEN.5, SEC.GEN.6, EC.GEN.11, SEC.USERINTERFACE.8	
356	CL HR-001, HR	R-002, OOB-005, MI-003, NETS-004, NETS-005, MI-011	
357	BSI (3), (3), (3.1)	1)[2], (3.1.2)[3], (3.2)[3], (4.1.1)[6], (4.1.1)[5]	
358	IMDA 4.2, 4.2.1		
359	3.4.2. Interface Acce	ess Control 1b	
360 361	For all interfaces necess are in place. ⁴	ary for the consumer-grade router product's use, access control measures	
362	Related Standards Requ	irements ⁵ :	
363 364 365 366 367	MGMT.LOCAL IF.LAN.WIREL SEC.USERINTI	IGN.14, GEN.OPS.21, MGMT.LOCAL.1, MGMT.LOCAL.5, 11, MGMT.REMOTE.WEB.2, MGMT.REMOTE.WEB.9, ESS.AP.20, SEC.GEN.1, SEC.GEN.8, SEC.USERINTERFACE.2, ERFACE.3, SEC.USERINTERFACE.4, SEC.USERINTERFACE.5, ERFACE.6, SEC.USERINTERFACE.7, SEC.USERINTERFACE.9	

⁴ IETF RFC6092 Recommended Simple Security Capabilities in Customer Premises Equipment (CPE) for Providing Residential IPv6 Internet Service [RFC6092] is a relevant source for more specific guidance related to IPv6 interface cybersecurity.

⁵ IMDA 4.1.2 discusses password requirements, as does BSI (4.1.1)[1]. IMDA's requirement is more stringent than BSIs (i.e., minimum password character length of 10 versus 8) and is recommend with BSI's requirement.

368369370		CL OOB-001, OOB-004, OOB-006, OOB-008, OOB-010, OOB-012, MI-004, MI-007, MI-008, MI-009, MI-010, MI-013, DIAG-002, NETS-007, NETS-008, NETA-001, NETA-002, NETA-003, MI-002
371 372		BSI (3.1)[1,2], (3.1.2.1), (3.2)[3], (3.2)[3], (3.2)[3], (4.1.1)[1], (4.1.1)[1], (4.1.1)[2], (4.1.1)[2], (4.1.1)[5], (4.4)
373		IMDA 4.1, 4.1.1, 4.1.2, 4.2, 4.2.1
374	3.4.3.	Interface Access Control1c
375	For al	l interfaces, access and modification privileges are limited.
376	Relate	ed Standards Requirements:
377		BBF MGMT.REMOTE.WEB.3, MGMT.REMOTE.WEB.4, SEC.GEN.7
378		CL MI-006
379		BSI (3.1)[1,2], (3.1.2)[4], (3.2)[3], (3.2)[3], (3.2)[3]
380		IMDA 4.2
381	3.5.	Interface Access Control 2
382 383		but not necessarily all, consumer-grade router product components have the means to and maintain interface access control.
384	3.5.1.	Interface Access Control 2a
385 386		ate that data shared among consumer-grade router product components match specified tions of format and content.
387	Relate	ed Standards Requirements:
388		BBF None
389		CL MI-012, NETS-006
390		BSI None
391		IMDA 4.6
392	3.5.2.	Interface Access Control 2b
393	Preve	nt unauthorized transmissions or access to other product components.
394	Relate	ed Standards Requirements:
395		BBF WAN.DoS.1, WAN.DoS.2, WAN.DoS.3, WAN.DoS.4, WAN.DoS.5
396		CL MI-005, NETS-006
397		BSI (3.1.2)[3], (3.1.2)[3], (3.1.2)[4], (4.3)[1], (4.3)[3], (4.7)[1], (4.7)[1], (4.9)[1], (4.9)[1]
398		IMDA 4.2.1

399	3.5.3.	interface Access Control 20
400 401		ain appropriate access control during initial connection (i.e., onboarding) and when blishing connectivity after disconnection or outage.
402	Relate	d Standards Requirements:
403		BBF None
404		CL None
405		BSI (3.1.2.3), (3.2)[2]
406		IMDA 4.1, 4.1.1, 4.2, 4.2.1
407	3.6.	Software Update
408 409 410 411	indivi	oftware of all consumer-grade router product components can be updated by authorized duals, services, and other consumer-grade router product components only by using a and configurable mechanism, as appropriate for each consumer-grade router product onent.
412	3.6.1.	Software Update 1
413 414	Each oupdate	consumer-grade router product component can receive, verify, and apply verified software es.
415	Relate	d Standards Requirements:
416		BBF GEN.OPS.22, GEN.OPS.23
417		CL KEY-004, KEY-005, SB-001, SU-001, SU-005, SBOM-009, SB-002, SU-003
418		BSI (4.2)[1], (4.2)[3], (4.2)[6]
419		IMDA 4.3
420	3.6.2.	Software Update 2
421 422 423	router	onsumer-grade router product implements measures to keep software on consumer-grade product components up to date (i.e., automatic application of updates or consistent ner notification of available updates via consumer-grade router components).
424	Relate	d Standards Requirements:
425 426		BBF GEN.OPS.19, GEN.OPS.20, MGMT.LOCAL.15, MGMT.LOCAL.21, MGMT.LOCAL.22
427		CL SB-003, SU-002, SU-006, SBOM-003, SBOM-007, SBOM-008, SBOM-010
428		BSI (4.1.2)[Table 6], (4.2)[1], (4.2)[2]
429		IMDA 4.3

430	3.6.3.	Software Update 3 (New Addition Relative to NISTIR 8425)	
431	New a	ddition relative to NISTIR 8425.	
432	Integri	ty of data, including configuration is preserved when an update is applied.	
433	Relate	d Standards Requirements:	
434		BBF GEN.OPS.15, GEN.OPS.24	
435		CL SU-004	
436		BSI None	
437		IMDA None	
438	3.7.	Cybersecurity State Awareness	
439 440		onsumer-grade router product supports detection of cybersecurity incidents affecting or ed by consumer-grade router product components and the data they store and transmit.	
441	3.7.1.	Cybersecurity State Awareness 1	
442 443 444	The consumer-grade router product securely captures and records information about the state of consumer-grade router components that can be used to detect cybersecurity incidents affecting or affected by consumer-grade router product components and the data they store and transmit.		
445	Relate	d Standards Requirements:	
446 447		BBF GEN.OPS.18, LAN.FW.2, LAN.FW.3, LAN.FW.4, MGMT.LOCAL.18, MGMT.LOCAL.20	
448		CL SB-004, LOG-001, LOG-002, LOG-003, LOG-004, LOG-005, SB-002, TS-001	
449 450		BSI (4.1.2)[1], (4.1.2)[Table 6], (4.1.2)[Table 6], (4.1.2)[Table 6], (4.1.2)[Table 6], (4.1.2)[Table 6], (4.1.2)[Table 6], (4.1.2)[2], (4.8)	
451		IMDA None	
452	3.7.2.	Cybersecurity State Awareness 2 (New Addition Relative to NISTIR 8425)	
453	New a	ddition relative to NISTIR 8425.	
454 455	The consumer-grade router product can inform authorized entities about or respond directly to changes in cybersecurity information.		
456	Relate	d Standards Requirements:	
457		BBF GEN.OPS.6	
458		CL AR-002	
459		BSI None	
460		IMDA None	

3.8. Non-Technical Outcomes

Table 2 below states the non-technical cybersecurity outcomes NIST has defined for the

consumer-grade router profile with the requirements from the four consumer-grade router

standards that related to these outcomes.

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Table 2. Non-technical cybersecurity outcomes and requirements from consumer-grade router standards

Consumer-Grade Router Profile Non-Technical Outcome	Related Requirements
Documentation	CL HR-005, MI-014,
The consumer-grade router product developer creates, gathers, and stores	DIAG-001, SBOM-
information relevant to cybersecurity of the consumer-grade router product and	004, SBOM-005
its product components prior to customer purchase, and throughout the	
development of a product and its subsequent lifecycle.	
Information and Query Reception	-
The consumer-grade router product developer has the ability to receive	
information relevant to cybersecurity and respond to queries from the customer	
and others about information relevant to cybersecurity.	
Information Dissemination	CL AR-001, SBOM-
The consumer-grade router product developer broadcasts (e.g., to the public)	011
and distributes (e.g., to the customer or others in the consumer-grade router	BSI (4.2)[4]
product ecosystem) information relevant to cybersecurity.	IMDA 4.3e
Education and Awareness	-
The consumer-grade router product developer creates awareness of and	
educates customers and others in the consumer-grade router product ecosystem	
about cybersecurity-related information (e.g., considerations, features) related	
to the consumer-grade router product and its product components.	

4. Conclusion

- 467 This consumer-grade router profile can help manufacturers and others determine adequate
- 468 cybersecurity to develop into their products. These recommendations draw from current best
- practices and guides broad adoption of accepted and vetted cybersecurity for consumer-grade
- 470 routers of any type. NIST reiterates the importance of a product-wide perspective on
- 471 cybersecurity and further recommends consideration of it to develop a comprehensive approach
- 472 to providing cybersecurity for consumer-grade router products.

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Appendix A. Consumer-Grade Router Scope Discussion

- *Routers* are network devices that forward data packets, most commonly Internet Protocol (IP)
- packets, between networked systems. They may be wired (e.g., Ethernet), wireless (e.g., Wi-Fi),
- or both. Consumer-grade identifies those routers that may appear in an individual's residence
- such that their primary use case is residential rather than enterprise, industrial, etc. However,
- some small businesses may choose to use consumer grade equipment given the limited
- 520 performance needs of those businesses. The presumption for consumer equipment, or small
- businesses that use consumer grade equipment, is that the manufacturer cannot assume the user
- has cybersecurity expertise or an ability to take significant action to secure the product.
- 523 Consumer-grade routers may be acquired by households in at least two ways⁶:
 - 1. Purchase of the equipment directly from a retailer.

⁶ As of 2022, about half of consumer-grade routers are received from ISPs rather than acquired by customers directly. [ParksRouterResearch]

2. Bundling and/or renting of the equipment from a service provider.

Each of these vectors may have implications for how cybersecurity outcomes could be met by the consumer-grade router product. Consumer-owned equipment may be fully managed by the household or may have some security services provided externally. Alternatively, bundled/rental equipment will likely be managed in part by the service provider. Additionally, these variations and use cases potentially have significantly different features and capabilities to consider as part of the product, and thus may have different risk profiles and cybersecurity outcomes.

 Table 3. Scope Coverage of the Consumer-Grade Router Standards Analyzed

	Applicable to	
Consumer-Grade Router Standard	Consumer-	ISP-Owned, Customer-
	Owned Routers?	Leased Routers?
TR-124 Issue 8 [BBF]	Yes	Yes
Security Gateway Device Security Best Common Practices [CL]	Yes	Yes
Secure Broadband Routers [BSI]	Yes	Yes
Security Requirements for Residential Gateways [IMDA]	Yes	No

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As summarized in **Table 3**, the scope statements of three of four standards examined related to consumer-grade router cybersecurity either make no distinction about how the router is acquired by customers or state that the guidance applies to both contexts.

BBF similarly does not distinguish between the two methods of acquisition, stating "a

Residential Gateway implementing the general requirements of TR-124 will incorporate at least

one embedded WAN interface, routing, bridging, a basic or enhanced firewall, one or multiple

LAN interfaces and home networking functionality that can be deployed as a consumer self-

installable device." It notably highlights that in scope are products that can be deployed as

"consumer self-installable," but this includes the customer purchased context, as well as most

instances of service provider supplied routers.

CableLabs directly acknowledges both contexts and scopes in both: "This Gateway Device

Security document specifies best common practices to serve as an industry metric for retail and

leased devices (both gateways and cable modems) for security—this includes manufacturing

process, supply chain, hardware and firmware configuration procedures, software, and

548 management protocols."

The German Federal Office for Information Security (BSI) focuses on scoping its requirements

related to how the product is used rather than acquired, stating "In scope of this Technical

Guideline are requirements on a router as a hardware component with an installed operating

system and services provided to an end-user. The router serves the purpose of establishing a

connection to the infrastructure of an Internet Access Provider (IAP) to gain Internet access.

From the end-user's perspective the router offers a gateway to the Internet as well as

management functionalities for the end-user's private network. The Technical Guideline

describes requirements on the router that should be implemented to offer a secure operation of

the router for the end-user." Thus, the requirements can be applied to the case of when customers

purchase a router and when a router is provided by or rented from a service provider.

560 that the goal is "ensuring that these devices are better protected when purchased and deployed by 561 consumers." 562 Appendix B. List of Symbols, Abbreviations, and Acronyms 563 564 **Broadband Forum** 565 566 Federal Office for Information Security 567 568 CableLabs 569 570 Infocomm Media Development Authority 571 572 Internet of Things 573 Appendix C. Glossary 574 **Consumer-Grade Router Device** 575 Networking devices that forward data packets, most commonly Internet Protocol (IP) packets, between networked 576 systems which are primarily intended for residential use and can be installed by the customer. 577 **Consumer-Grade Router Product** 578 Consumer-grade router device and any additional product components (e.g., backend, smartphone application) that 579 are necessary to use the IoT device beyond basic operational features. [IR8425, adapted] 580 **Cybersecurity Outcome** 581 Statement of what is expected either from a product or from an organization in support of a product related to the 582 cybersecurity of that product. Can be technical or non-technical.

Unlike the others, the IMDA alludes to a scope of only routers purchased by customers, stating